

Homework #2.00 Worksheet

1a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = -1$, but we don't know $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x)$ so $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)$ does not exist.

1b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 0$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 1$ so $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ does not exist.

1c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = -2$ so $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = -2$

1d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} f(x)$ we don't know and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} f(x) = 0$ so $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$ does not exist.

2a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (5x^2 - 3x + 1) = 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} x^2 - 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} x + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 1$
 $= 5(2)^2 - 3(2) + 1 = 15$

2b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \cos 2x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos 2x$
 $= 0 \cdot \cos 2(0) = 0 \cdot 1 = 0$

2c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3x^2 - 2x - 1}{x^2 + 1} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (3x^2 - 2x - 1)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^2 + 1)} = \frac{3(-1)^2 - 2(-1) - 1}{(-1)^2 + 1}$
 $= \frac{3 + 2 - 1}{2} = 2$

2d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^3 + 8}{x^2 - 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x+2)(x^2 - 2x + 4)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$
 $= \frac{(-2)^2 - 2(-2) + 4}{-2 - 2} = \frac{4 - 4 + 4}{-4} = -1$

2e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3-x}{4+x+x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-x+3}{x^2+x+4} = 0$ since degree of numerator < degree of denominator

3a) $f(x+h) = 5(x+h)^2 - 8(x+h) + 17$
 $= 5(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) - 8x - 8h + 17$
 $= 5x^2 + 10xh + 5h^2 - 8x - 8h + 17$

3b) $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x^2 + 10xh + 5h^2 - 8x - 8h + 17 - (5x^2 - 8x + 17)}{h}$
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{5x^2} + 10xh + \cancel{5h^2} - \cancel{8x} - 8h + \cancel{17} - \cancel{5x^2} + \cancel{8x} - \cancel{17}}{h}$
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{10xh + 5h^2 - 8h}{h}$
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{h}(10x + 5h - 8)}{\cancel{h}} = 10x + 5(0) - 8 = 10x - 8$

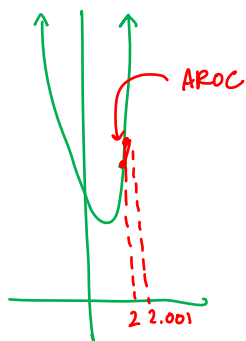
3c) $(2, 21)$ $(2.001, 21.012005)$

$$\text{average rate of change} = \frac{f(2.001) - f(2)}{2.001 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{21.012005 - 21}{.001}$$

$$= \frac{.012005}{.001} = 12.005$$

3d)



tangent line $y - 21 = 12.005(x - 2)$